

**Math 1030 #18a**  
**Problem Solving with Geometry**  
**Angles**

Degrees, Minutes, Seconds

$1^\circ = 60'$  There are sixty minutes in a degree.

$1' = 60''$  There are sixty seconds in a minute.

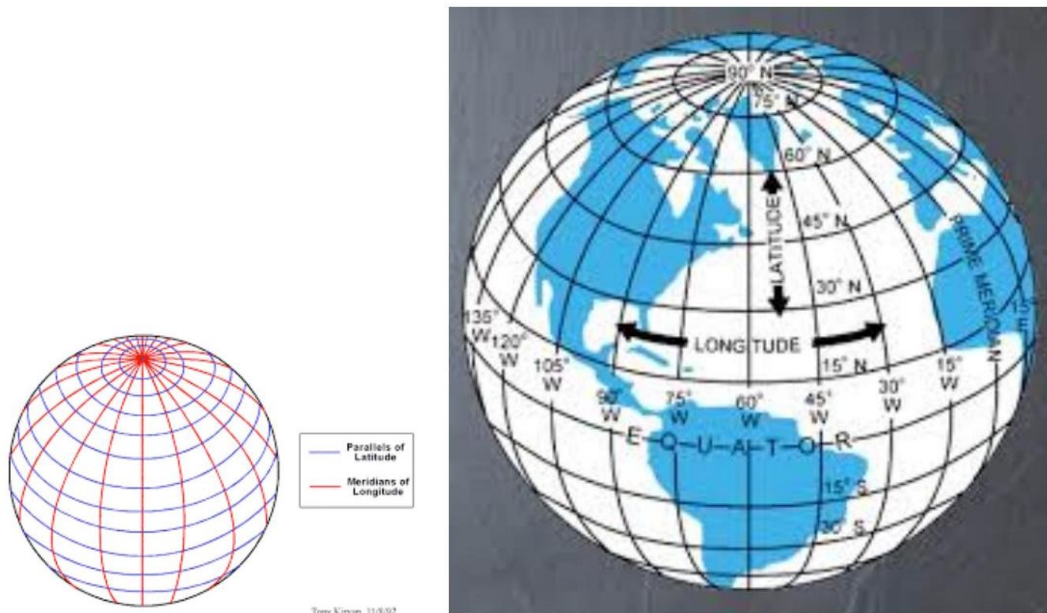
**EX 1:**

Convert  $47.67^\circ$  to degree-minutes-seconds.

**EX 2:**

Convert  $150^\circ 15' 27''$  to decimal degrees.

# Latitude and Longitude



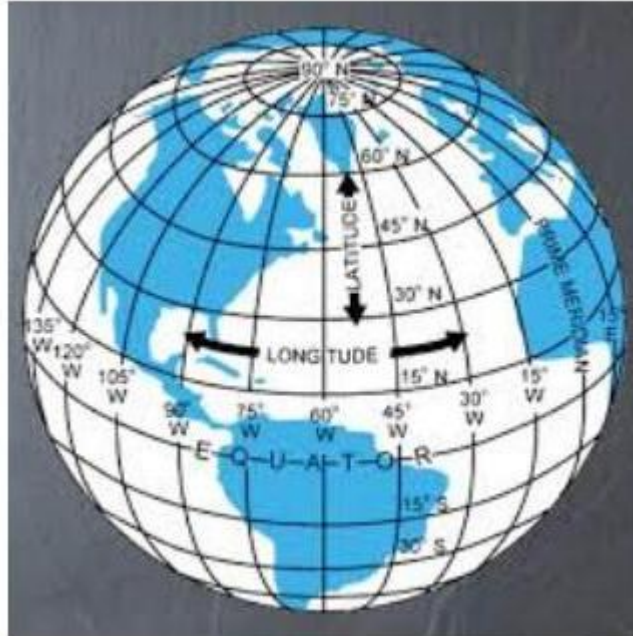
Latitude measures positions north or south of the equator. It will be a number between  $0^\circ$  and  $90^\circ$ .

Longitude measures east-west position from the prime meridian. It will be a number between  $0^\circ$  and  $180^\circ$ .

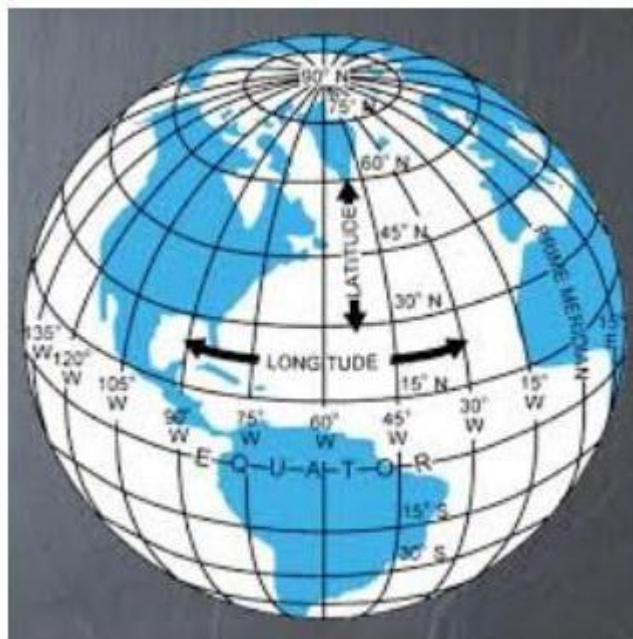
### EX 3:

Determine the approximate latitude and longitude of the following places.

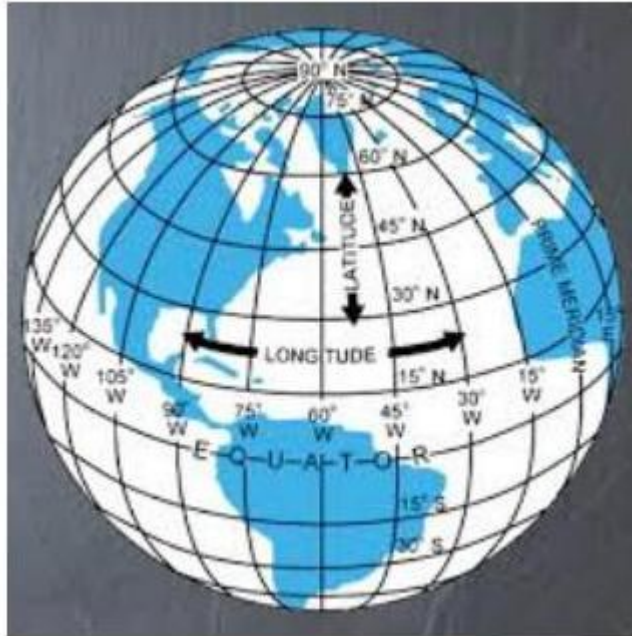
- a) The Panama Canal



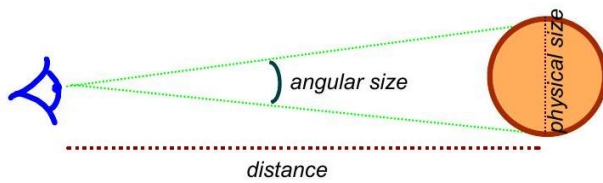
- b) The eastern most point in South America



c) The western most point in Alaska.



## Angular Size and Distance



$$\frac{\text{angular size}}{360^\circ} = \frac{\text{physical size}}{2\pi \text{distance}}$$

### EX 4:

The moon has an angular size of 30 minutes ( $0.5^\circ$ ) and its distance from the earth is about 240,000 miles.

- a) What is the diameter of the moon?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- b) At what distance would a tennis ball (2.5" diameter) have to be so it would have the same angular size as the moon?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- c) What is the angular size of the tennis ball when held at arm's length from the eye (about 25")?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- d) How far from Washington's face (60 ft in diameter) would you have to stand to have the tennis ball, held at arm's length, barely cover the face?

