

# **Math 1220 #25**

## **Taylor and Maclaurin Series**

### **Taylor and Maclaurin Series**

If we represent some function  $f(x)$  as a power series in  $(x - a)$ , then

# Uniqueness Theorem

Suppose

for every  $x$  in some interval around  $a$ .

Then

# Taylor's Formula with Remainder

Let  $f(x)$  be a function such that  $f^{(n+1)}(x)$  exists for all  $x$  on an open interval containing  $a$ .

Then, for every  $x$  in the interval,

where  $R_n(x)$  is the remainder (or error).

# Taylor's Theorem

Let  $f$  be a function with all derivatives in  $(a - r, a + r)$ .

The Taylor Series

represents  $f(x)$  on  $(a - r, a + r)$

if and only if

**EX 1**

Find the Maclaurin series for  $f(x) = \cos x$  and prove it represents  $\cos x$  for all  $x$ .

**EX 2**

Find the Maclaurin series for  $f(x) = \sin x$ .

**EX 3**

Write the Taylor series for  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  centered at  $a = 1$ .

**EX 4**

Find the Taylor series for  $f(x) = \sin x$  in  $(x - \pi/4)$ .

**EX 5**

Use what we already know to write a Maclaurin series (5 terms)

for