Name _

Instructions. Show all work and include appropriate explanations when space is provided. Correct answers unaccompanied by work may not receive full credit. Please circle your final answers.

1. (22pts) Let

$$f(x) = \frac{4x - 4}{x^2 - 4x + 3}$$

Answers below may be values, DNE (does not exist), or $\pm \infty$. You must show your work.

- (a) (4pts) Compute $\lim_{x\to 3^+} f(x)$
- (b) (4pts) Compute $\lim_{x\to 3^-} f(x)$

(c) (4pts) Compute $\lim_{x\to 3} f(x)$

- (d) (4pts) Compute $\lim_{x \to +\infty} f(x)$
- (e) (2pts) f(x) has a horizontal asymptote at y =_____.
- (f) (2pts) f(x) has a vertical asymptote at x =_____.
- (g) (2pts) f(x) is continuous everywhere **except** x = _____ (list all values).

2. (16pts) Compute the following limits. Be sure to show your work.

(a) (4pts)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2 - 2}{5 \cos x}$$

(b) (4pts)
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x - 2}$$

(c) (4pts)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x \cos x}{x}$$

(d) (4pts)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(3+x)^2 - 9}{x}$$

3. (10pts) Use the definition of the derivative to compute the derivative of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$; that is, compute the limit

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

Hint: Use the algebraic identity $\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}{c} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}{c}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}\right) = \frac{a-b}{c(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b})}.$

- 4. (20pts) Compute the following derivatives using the derivative rules. There is no need to simplify.
 - (a) (5pts) $D_x(4x^5 + x^3 2x^2 + 9)$

(b) (5pts) $D_x(\sin x \cos x)$

(c) (5pts) $D_x(\frac{x^2}{1-x^3})$

(d) (5pts) $D_x(\cos{(x^5+x)})$

5. (6pts) Suppose f and g are two functions whose values, and the values of their derivatives, are given by the following chart

x	f(x)	f'(x)	g(x)	g'(x)
0	1	3	-1	-2
1	2	4	2	1
2	-4	2	1	2

For example, f(0) = 1, g'(2) = 2, etc. Use derivative rules to fill in the blanks:

If
$$F(x) = f(x)g(x)$$
, then $F'(1) =$ ______

If
$$G(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$
, then $G'(1) =$ _____

If
$$H(x) = f(g(x))$$
, then $H'(1) =$ _____

- 6. (12pts) Consider the function $f(x) = 2 + \frac{x}{1+x^2}$.
 - (a) (4pts) Find f'(x).
 - (b) (4pts) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of y = f(x) at x = 0.
 - (c) (4pts) At what points x is the tangent line to the graph of y = f(x) horizontal?
- 7. (9pts) An object moves along a horizontal coordinate line so that its position (in meters) at time t (measured in seconds) is given by

$$s(t) = (t-1)^3 - 12t + 6.$$

- (a) (3pts) Find the velocity of the object at time t.
- (b) (3pts) Find the acceleration of the object at time t.
- (c) (3pts) At what time is the object the farthest to the left? In other words, when is the object's position the smallest (i.e. the most negative)?
- 8. (5pts) The graph of y = f(x) is given below. Use it to answer the following questions:
 - (a) _____ True (T) or False (F): f(x) is continuous on (-4, 4).
 - (b) _____ True (T) or False (F): f'(1) > f'(3).
 - (c) f(x) is not differentiable at x =_____.

