## Calculus I Practice Exam 1, Summer 2002

1. Find the equation of the line which goes through the point (2,-1) and is perpendicular to the line given by the equation 2x - y = 1.

2. a) Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 1$ . Find the slope of the line joining the points (2,9) and (x, f(x)). b) Find the slope of the tangent line to the curve y = f(x) at the point (2,9). c) What is the equation of this tangent line?

3. Let  $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$ . Find the points on the curve whose tangent lines have slope m = 9.

4. Find the derivatives of the following functions: a)  $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 1$ 

b) 
$$g(x) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^3}$$
  
c)  $h(x) = (x^2 + \frac{1}{x^3})(x^3 - x^2 + 1)$ 

5. Find the derivatives of the given functions:  $f(x) = 3x^{-1} + x^{3}$   $g(x) = (x^{3} + 1)^{4}$   $h(x) = (\cos(2x) + 1)\sin(3x)$ 

6. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 1}$ 

7. Find the derivatives of the following functions: a)  $f(x) = \cos^2 x$  b)  $g(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x}$ 

8. Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve y = cos(x/2) at  $(3\pi, 0)$ 

9. Let  $f(x) = x^3 - 8x^2 + 3$ . Find the interval in which f'(x) < 0.

10. An object moves in a straight line so that its position at time t is given by  $x(t) = t(t^2 + 1)^2$ . What is the velocity of the object when t = 2?

11. Let  $f(x) = (x - \sqrt{x})^2$ . Find f'(x) and f''(x).

12. Sketch the graph of a function with these properties:
a) f(0) = 2 and f(1) = 0;
b) f'(x) < 0 for 0 < x < 2;</li>
c) f'(x) > 0 for x < 0 or x > 2.