

Ex 5 (pg 84) claim $\sum_{j=1}^n \cos(jx) = \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}x(n+1)\right] \frac{\sin\left(\frac{nx}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$
 $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}^+, \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \neq 0.$

Pf ① check $n=1$ case.

LHS: $\sum_{j=1}^1 \cos(jx) = \cos x$

RHS: $\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}x(2)\right] \frac{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} = \cos(x) \quad \checkmark$

② Assume true $\forall k=1, \dots, n$. check $n+1$ case.
 we know (from induction assumption)

$$\sum_{j=1}^n \cos(jx) = \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}x(n+1)\right] \frac{\sin\left(\frac{nx}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{j=1}^{n+1} \cos(jx) = \cos\left[\frac{1}{2}x(n+1)\right] \frac{\sin\left(\frac{nx}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} + \cos((n+1)x)$$

★ $= \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin\left(\frac{2n+1}{2}x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2n+3}{2}x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2n+1}{2}x\right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right)$

using $\cos a \sin b = \frac{1}{2} (\sin(a+b) - \sin(a-b))$ twice w/ $a_1 = \frac{n+1}{2}, b_1 = \frac{nx}{2}$ and $a_2 = (n+1)x, b_2 = \frac{x}{2}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin\left(\frac{2n+3}{2}x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cos\left(\frac{n+2}{2}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{n+1}{2}x\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \quad \parallel$$

(using trig identity again w/ $a = \frac{n+2}{2}x, b = \frac{n+1}{2}x$)

★ I skipped writing a step here.

$$= \left(\cos\left[\frac{1}{2}x(n+1)\right] \frac{\sin\left(\frac{nx}{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} + \cos((n+1)x) \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) \frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$