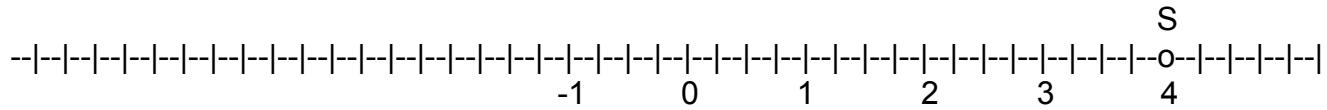


**Math1050**  
**Kelly MacArthur**  
**First Day Assignment**

Things you already know from Math1010. :)

- Evaluate/simplify these expressions and place the letter corresponding to each one on the number line below. (*Place a dot on the number line and the letter above it, as shown in the example.*) Also, fill in the table telling the smallest set the number belongs to. Choose from these number sets: **R** = real numbers, **Q** = rational numbers, **I** = irrational numbers, **Z** = integers, **W** = whole numbers

Number to evaluate and plot:	Set:
A. $-\sqrt{2}$	
B. $-2^2$	
C. $5^0$	
D. $\pi - 1$	
E. -0.3	
F. $0.\overline{3}$	
G. $\sqrt{7-3}$	
H. $ 3-6 $	
I. $\frac{ x }{x}$ if $x$ is negative	
J. $\frac{ x }{x}$ if $x$ is positive	
K. Additive Identity	
L. Additive inverse of $\frac{3}{4}$	
M. Multiplicative Identity	
N. Multiplicative inverse of $\frac{3}{4}$	
O. $\frac{0}{4}$	
P. $\frac{4}{0}$	
Q. $\frac{0}{0}$	
R. $0.\overline{9}$	
Example-- S. $\frac{8}{2} = 4$	<b>W</b>



2. List all the integers in these intervals.

(a)  $(-3, 4]$

(b)  $[1, 5]$

(c)  $(5, \infty)$

(d)  $(3, 4)$

(e)  $(-\infty, 1]$

3. Using  $5x^3 - 2x + 4 = 0$ , fill in an example of each of these questions, to practice your understanding of the vocabulary words. (For instance, if I asked for “degree,” you’d say 3 is the degree.)

Vocabulary Word	Example
Equation	
Expression	
Term	
Factor	
Constant	
Coefficient	
Exponent	

4. Use the order of operations to evaluate these expressions.

(a)  $3 \cdot 5 - 6 \div 4 + 2$

(b)  $4 + 3 \cdot 2^3 \div 4 - 2$

(c)  $\frac{2x^3 - x}{yz + y}$  if  $x = -2, y = 3, z = -6$

5. Evaluate these power (exponent) expressions.

(a)  $64^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(b)  $64^{\frac{3}{2}}$

(c)  $64^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

(d)  $64^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

(e)  $-64^{\frac{3}{2}}$

(f)  $(-64)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

6. Simplify, by rationalizing the denominator.

(a)  $\frac{5}{\sqrt{10}}$

(b)  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}-2}$

(c)  $\frac{\sqrt{2x^3}}{\sqrt{8x^6}}$

7. Simplify and write each expression with positive, rational exponents.

(a)  $\frac{5^{-\frac{1}{2}}(5x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(5x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

(b)  $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{8x^3}y^6}$

(c)  $\frac{32 \cdot 8 \cdot 2^4}{64 \cdot 16 \cdot 2^{-3}}$  (Hint: Rewrite this as 2 to some power.)