

1.5 Functions

Relation

vs.

Function

defined by a set of ordered pairs (x, y)

a relation such that every input has exactly one output

domain \Rightarrow set of allowable inputs

range \Rightarrow set of outputs

Ex 1 Relation or Function?

(a) $x = \text{person}$ $y = \text{car owned by that person}$

(b) $x = \text{person}$ $y = \text{their kid}$

(c) $x = \text{person}$ $y = \text{their mom}$

(d) $x = \text{student}$ $y = \text{grade in Math 1090 class.}$

1.5 (cont)

Vertical Line Test

If we graph all the ordered pairs (of a relation) on a Cartesian coordinate system, and every vertical line goes through the graph at most one time, then it's a function.

Ex 2 Are these functions? Identify the domain.

(a) $y = f(x) = 6x^2$

(b) $y^2 = 4x^2$

Ex 3 Evaluate, given $f(x) = 4x^2 - 5x$

(a) $f(-2)$

(c) find the domain

(b) $f(2)$

(d) find the range

1.5 (cont)

Ex 4 Evaluate for $f(x) = \frac{x+3}{x-2}$

(c) find domain

(a) $f(1)$

(b) $f\left(\frac{2w+1}{w-1}\right)$

Ex 5 find domain

(a) $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1}$

(b) $g(x) = \frac{3}{x^2-25}$

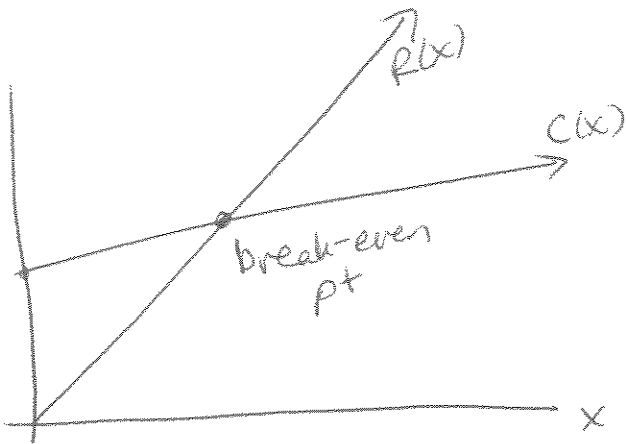
1.6 Linear Business Applications

Two Main Types

Profit / Revenue / Cost

$$P = R - C$$

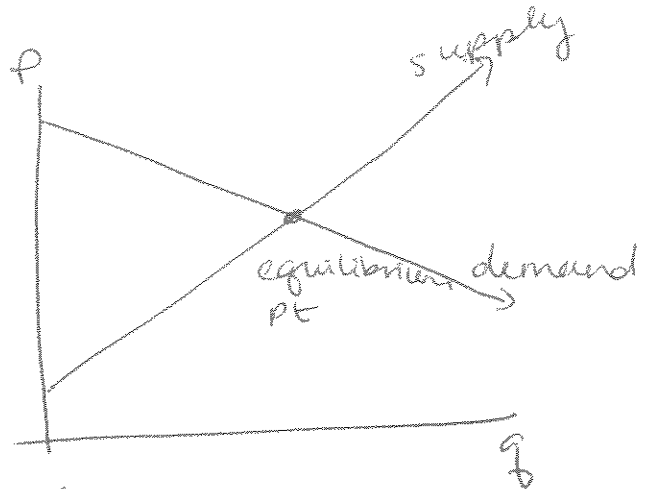
$x = \#$ units produced & sold



break-even pt \Rightarrow where profit is zero

Supply / Demand

$p = \text{price}$
 $q = \text{quantity}$



equilibrium pt \Rightarrow where quantity demanded = quantity supplied at a certain price

Ex 1 (#4) market research has shown for a sporting event, supply for tickets is $20p - q = 100$ & demand

is $4p = 6260 - 5q$.

(a) How many tickets will be purchased if price is \$30? \$100?

1.6 (cont)

Ex 1 (cont) (b) How many tickets will the sponsors of the event be willing to sell if the ticket price is \$30? 100?

(c) What is the equilibrium pt for this market?

1.6 (cont)

Ex 2 Fixed costs are \$92,000 to publish a certain
cookbook and variable costs are \$2.10 per book.

If the book sells for \$15 each, ^(a) how many books must
be sold to break even?

(b) What is marginal revenue, MR?

MR = slope of
revenue
line

(c) What is marginal profit? (MP)

1.6(cont)

Ex 3 Find market equilibrium pt for these demand + supply curves.

$$\text{demand: } p = -4q + 300$$

$$\text{supply: } p = 21q + 50$$

Ex 4 (#20) A distributor will supply 10,000 calendars if the price is \$2 each or will supply 8,000 calendars if the price is \$1.25. What is the supply equation?

1.7 Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

Vocab Linear Inequality \Rightarrow can be written in

form $ax + by < c$, $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$

Linear system of inequalities \Rightarrow two, or more linear inequalities we want to solve simultaneously.

Solution Set \Rightarrow the region that solves all inequalities.

Ex 1 Graph solus.

$$(a) \quad 2x - \frac{3}{5}y \geq \frac{-2}{5}$$

$$(b) \quad 4x + 3y \leq 9$$

1.7 (cont)

Ex 2 Solve + graph solutions (on 2d plane).

$$x + y < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x + \frac{3}{4}y < 3$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{2}y > -2$$

$$\frac{1}{3}y - \frac{2}{3}x < 5$$

1.7 (cont)

Ex 3 Solve + graph solutions.

$$x + 7y < -15$$

$$5x - y > -3$$

$$x - 2y < 12$$

1.7 (cont)

Ex 4 (#40) A furniture company makes and sells 2 types of tables, one small + one large. Each large table requires two hours of assembly and two hours of finish work. Each small table requires 3 hours of assembly and $1\frac{1}{4}$ hours of finish work. The assembly shop is open a maximum of 12 hours per day. The finishing shop is available for 10 hours per day. Find the system of linear inequalities to represent this and graph solutions.

1.8 Graphical Linear Programming

EX1 Find min & max values of objective fn $f = 4x + 3y$ on feasible region given by

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y \leq 12 \\ 4x - 2y \leq 8 \\ x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

feasible region \Rightarrow

closed & bounded \Rightarrow

optimal solution \Rightarrow

* optimal soln occurs at "corners"

* if no corners, may be no optimum values

1.8 (cont)

Ex2 minimize $g = 22x - 17y$ subject to

constraints

$$\begin{cases} 8x + 5y \geq 100 \\ 12x + 25y \geq 360 \\ x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

1.8 (cont)

Ex3 A contractor builds two types of homes. The Carolina requires one lot, \$169,000 capital, and 160 worker-days of labor. The Savannah requires one lot, \$240,000 capital, and 160 worker-days of labor. The contractor owns 300 lots and has \$48,000,000 available capital and 43,200 worker-days of labor. The profit on the Carolina is \$40,000 and on the Savannah, it's \$50,000. How many of each type of home should be built to maximize profit? What is max profit?